

US006636749B2

(12) United States Patent Holmes et al.

(10) Patent No.: US 6,636,749 B2

(45) Date of Patent: Oct. 21, 2003

(54) METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING POWER AND WIRELESS PROTOCOL CAPABILITY TO A WIRELESS DEVICE, SUCH AS A WIRELESS PHONE

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 27 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 10/036,188

(22) Filed: Dec. 31, 2001

(65) Prior Publication Data

US 2002/0198031 A1 Dec. 26, 2002

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 60/300,842, filed on Jun. 25, 2001.

(51)	Int. Cl. ⁷	H04M 1/00
(52)	U.S. Cl	455/569

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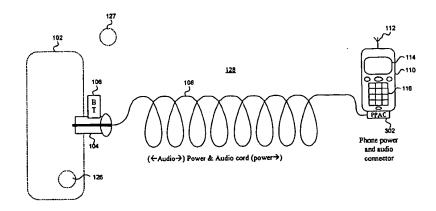
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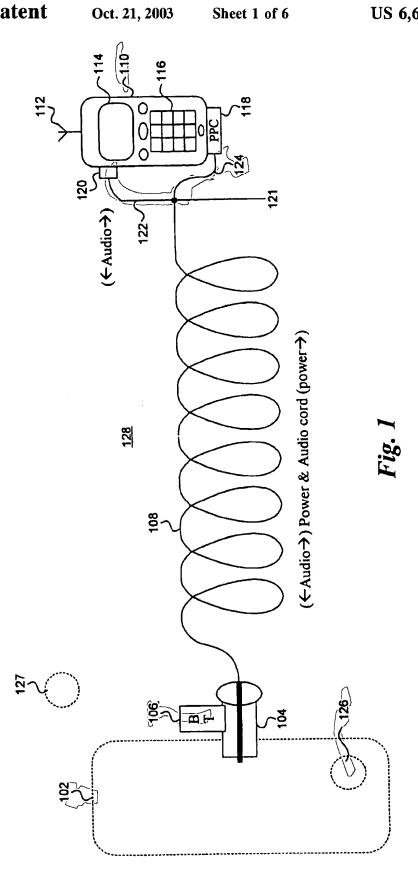
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(57) ABSTRACT

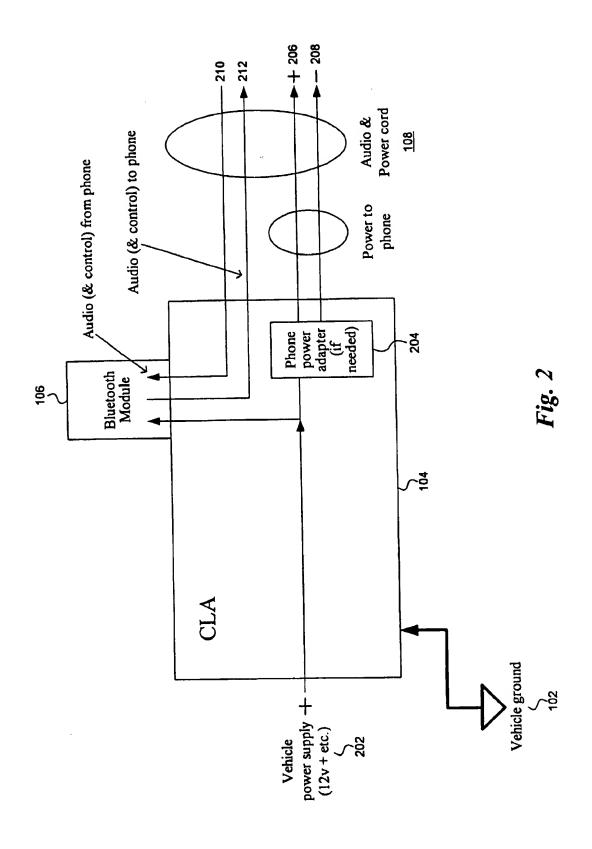
Disclosed embodiments include a apparatus for coupling with a vehicle having a wireless protocol-enabled device, such as a hands-free car kit, and a power supply and for coupling with a wireless device. The wireless protocol may be a protocol such as Bluetooth, and the wireless device may be a wireless phone. The apparatus comprises a charge cord, a vehicle adapter located at a first end of the charge cord, and a connector located at a second end of a charge cord. The vehicle adapter couples the power supply to the charge cord, and the connector couples the charge cord with the wireless device. The apparatus also comprises a wireless protocol module operably connected to the charge cord, wherein the module comprises logic to exchange communications signals between the wireless protocol-enabled device and the wireless device.

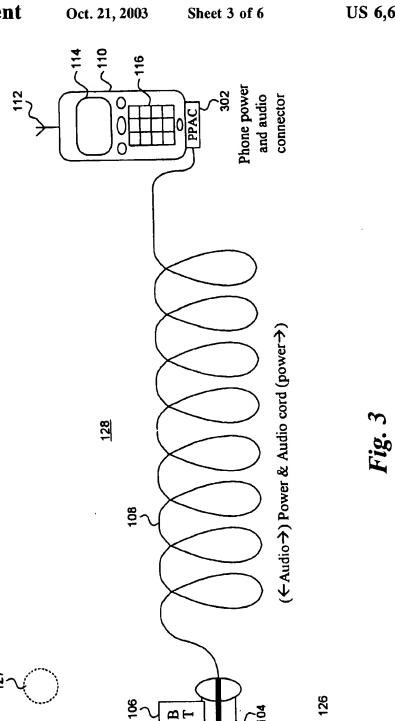
78 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



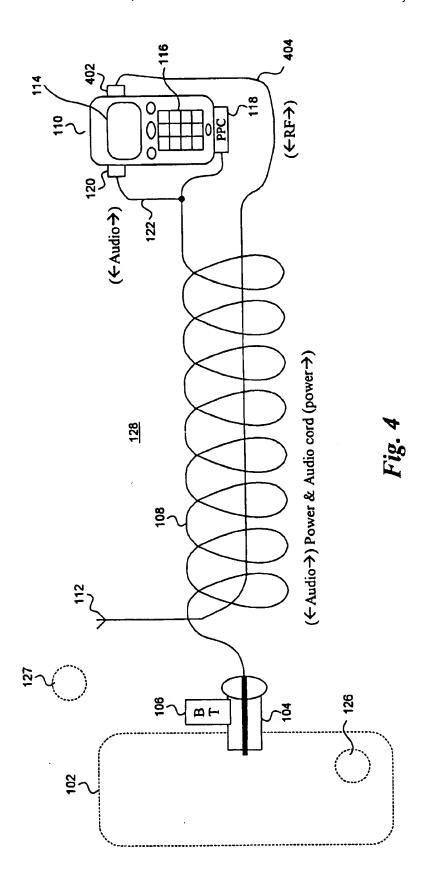


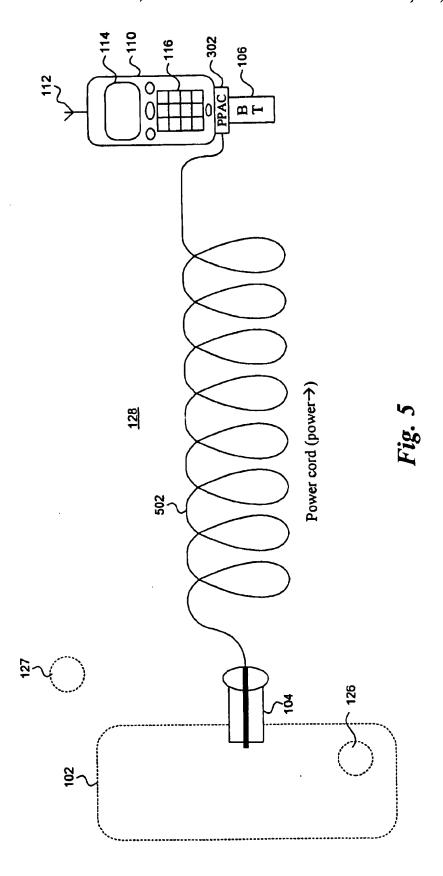
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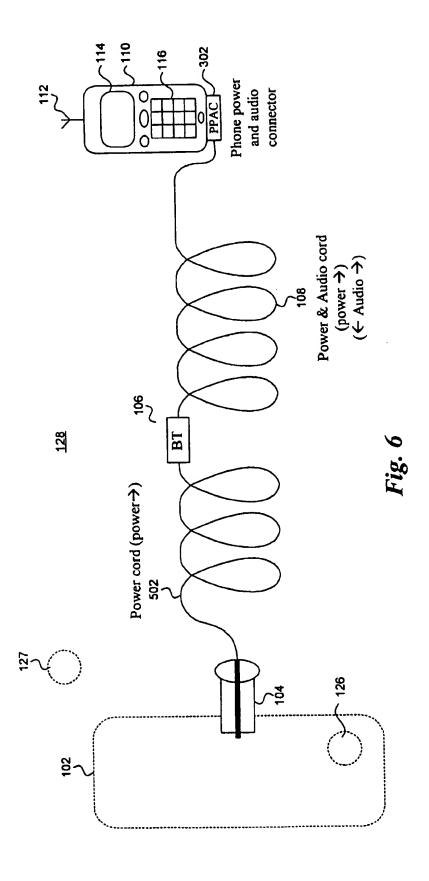




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METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING POWER AND WIRELESS PROTOCOL CAPABILITY TO A WIRELESS DEVICE, SUCH AS A WIRELESS PHONE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/300,842, filed Jun. 25, 2001, which is herein incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

The disclosed embodiments relate generally to devices to connect wireless devices with vehicles.

Cellular mobile telephony, or wireless telephony, provides voice data links between users of mobile devices and fixed devices on a network. It gives users using a wireless phone mobility without regard to how they are actually connected to the network. This is done by providing access points or base station units that can hand off the connections of mobile devices without interruption of the service. 2G (second generation) digital mobile phone service such as the Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), EIA/TIA-136 Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA), TIA-IS-95 Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), and the AMPS (analog mobile phone service) are examples of such telephone networks.

In order to participate in wireless telephony more easily while driving, many drivers have endured considerable expense in terms of time, money, and effort to have a 30 hands-free car kit professionally installed in their vehicles. The primary advantage to the hands-free car kit is that the user can carry on a conversation without having to hold a wireless phone to their ear. This frees up the hand that otherwise would have been holding the phone to perform 35 other tasks, such as driving the car. The hands-free car kit may even provide other advantages such as superior reception and sound quality as compared to the wireless phone alone, since the hands-free car kit takes advantage of the vehicle's pre-existing audio or stereo system, speakers, and possibly an antenna. Another advantage is that users in a vehicle also often connect their wireless phone to the vehicle power supply in order to conserve battery power and possibly to recharge the battery.

In a typical usage scenario for a hands-free car kit, the 45 user dials a phone number on their wireless phone to place a call or receives a call from another user. The user places the wireless phone into a special cradle which has been customized for physically holding that handset and for providing electrical connections to a microphone, speakers 50 and possibly an antenna, as may be associated with the hands-free car kit. In many cases, the cradle and related electrical connections are adapted to only one phone model or a small number of closely related phones. The very limited number of phones that a hands-free car kit can work 55 with becomes a problem when the user desires to change to a new or different wireless phone. The user may want to change their phone because the new phone offers better features, is associated with a different wireless service provider desired by the user or for any other reason. Newer 60 phones have historically been smaller and differently shaped than existing phones, again giving rise to incompatibility with previously installed hands-free car kits. Other concurrently offered wireless phones tend to have different physical and electrical characteristics.

If the user purchases a wireless phone that is incompatible with a previously installed hands-free car kit, the car kit can

be replaced with a newer or different hands-free car kit associated with the replacement phone. Unfortunately, replacement of the existing hands-free car kit would involve considerable expense in terms of time, money and effort, not only to install the replacement hands-free car kit, but to remove the existing hands-free car kit.

One solution to connecting a hands-free car kit and a mobile handset is to use a wireless networking technology or protocol, such as the short range wireless protocol BLUE-TOOTH® (referred to herein as "Bluetooth"), to facilitate communication between the hands-free car kit and the mobile handset. In this solution, a Bluetooth-enabled handsfree car kit and a Bluetooth-enabled wireless phone communicate via a wireless connection so that the wireless phone can utilize the hands-free car kit without a physical connection.

Bluetooth refers to a specification designed to standardize wireless transmission between a wide variety of devices, such as personal computers (PCs), cordless telephones, headsets, printers, personal digital assistants (PDAs), etc. Bluetooth, however, has not yet been widely adopted by manufacturers.

Almost all of the hands-free car kits and wireless phones on the market today do not include Bluetooth capability. Automobile manufacturers and hands-free car kit manufacturers have not included Bluetooth functionality in their products, perhaps because Bluetooth-enabled wireless phones have not been widely adopted. Bluetooth-enabled wireless phones have not been widely adopted, possibly because of the additional expense or the dearth of applications available for them (e.g., few hands-free car kits with Bluetooth functionality). In addition, Bluetooth retrofitting, such as by adding a clip-on module or dongle to a wireless phone, adds significant expense, bulkiness, and weight to a wireless phone. It would be desirable to be able to provide Bluetooth capability to wireless phones without requiring a separate module or dongle, with its associated expense and size, to existing wireless phones.

Overall, there is a need for a method and apparatus that solves the above problems while supplying the above benefits, as well as providing other advantages.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a suitable embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of a vehicle adapter of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device in a first alternative embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a second alternative embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device.

FIG. 4 is a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a third alternative embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device.

FIG. 5 is a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a fourth alternative embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device.

FIG. 6 is a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a fifth alternative embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device.

In the drawings, the same reference numbers identify identical or substantially similar elements or acts. To easily identify the discussion of any particular element or act, the most significant digit or digits in a reference number refer to

the Figure number in which that element is first introduced (e.g., element 204 is first introduced and discussed with respect to FIG. 2).

Note: the headings provided herein are for convenience and do not necessarily affect the scope or interpretation of 5 the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Embodiments of the invention, described below, provide a method and apparatus of adding wireless protocol capability to a charge cord, therefore allowing a wireless device, such as a wireless phone, to acquire wireless protocol capability and electrical power from the same attachment. This provides a significant advantage over prior art systems, where a user would have to purchase a wireless protocol attachment (such as a Bluetooth attachment) that would attach to the phone in addition to the charge cord to receive electrical power from their vehicle. By providing one device that performs multiple functions, costs are reduced and the user experience is improved. Costs are reduced because only one device (e.g., one housing) is needed, and the incremental cost of two or more housings is eliminated. Moreover, the user only has to carry one item instead of multiple items. Another benefit is that the charge cord can function as a present.

In one embodiment, a charge cord includes a vehicle adapter on a first end and a connector on the second end. The vehicle adapter couples the charge cord with the vehicle, such as in a cigarette lighter socket. The connector couples the charge cord with a wireless phone or other wireless device. The charge cord also includes a Bluetooth module, which facilitates communications between the wireless device and the Bluetooth device located in the vehicle. This configuration allows the charge cord with Bluetooth module to provide electrical power and Bluetooth capability to a wireless phone.

The following description provides specific details for a thorough understanding of, and enabling description of, embodiments of the invention. However, one skilled in the 40 art will understand that the invention may be practiced without these details. In other instances, well-known structures and functions have not been shown or described in detail to avoid unnecessarily obscuring the description of the embodiments of the invention.

Depicted embodiments of the present invention are intended for use with any suitable wireless device, such as a wireless phone or wireless web access device. By way of example, the preferred embodiments will be described with reference to a wireless phone 110. One skilled in the art 50 would recognize that other wireless devices are within the scope of the invention, such as a wireless web access telephone, wireless computer access device, Internetenabled PDA, automobile-based web access device, laptop or palmtop computer, mobile or vehicle-based locationdetermining device (e.g., Global Positioning System-based device) or other portable or mobile communication devices. The wireless phone 110 may be any phone manufactured by, or substantially compatible with any phone manufactured by, companies such as NOKIA®, ERICSSON®, MOTOROLA®, etc. PDA's may be manufactured by, or substantially compatible with any phone manufactured by, companies such as PALM®, HANDSPRING®, etc., or a PDA using operating systems such as the WINDOWS CE®, PALM®, or other operating systems.

FIG. 1 illustrates a schematic view of a wireless device and a vehicle with a suitable embodiment of a Bluetooth-

enabled connection device. A vehicle 102 contains a Bluetooth device 126, such as a hands-free car kit. The vehicle may be any sort of vehicle, such as an automobile, truck, motorcycle, aircraft, boat, two- or four-wheeled vehicle, tractors, scooter, spacecraft, etc. The Bluetooth device 126 may be any device that has Bluetooth capability, such as a hands-free car kit, location-finding device, an automotive audio system such as a stereo, an on-board computer, a navigation system, a head-up display, an authorization system, an identification system, or any suitable device. In a preferred embodiment, the Bluetooth device 126 is located is operably connected to and located within the vehicle 102.

Aspects of the invention are described in detail below with respect to the Bluetooth specification. Bluetooth refers 15 to a specification designed to standardize wireless transmission between a wide variety of devices, such as personal computers ("PCs"), cordless telephones, headsets, printers, personal digital assistants ("PDAs"), etc. Bluetooth acts as a "virtual cable," whereby a computer can automatically use a mobile telecommunications device (such as a cell phone) to send data wirelessly, such as exchange e-mail, transmit data to a fax machine, etc. Bluetooth operates using frequency-hopping spread spectrum, where data packets are spread across the 2.45 GHz Spectrum at a rate of 1,600 hops normal charge cord when a Bluetooth-enabled device is not 25 per second to lessen interference. The nominal link range is 10 meters, and the gross data rate is 10 Mbps, although increases may be possible. Bluetooth can support both synchronous connection oriented ("SCO") links for voice and asynchronous connectionless ("ACL") links for packet data. Details on Bluetooth may be found at "Bluetooth Revealed," Miller & Bisdikian, Prentice Hall PTR, 2001, and "Bluetooth Demystified," Muller, McGraw-Hill, 2001, and in particular, "Specification of the Bluetooth System," version 1.1. While aspects of the invention are described 35 herein as employing the Bluetooth protocol, those skilled in the relevant art will recognize that aspects of the invention are equally applicable with other wireless communication protocols and standards, including IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.11b, HOME RE®, contactless smart cards, IrDA

> The wireless phone 110 includes an antenna 112. The antenna 112 allows wireless communication between the wireless phone 112 and a base station, access point or other components of a wireless or cellular network. The wireless 45 phone 110 typically has a display screen 114 and integral user controls 116 which are suitably buttons such as membrane switches.

The connection device 128 provides a connection between the vehicle 102 and the wireless phone 110. In the depicted embodiment, the connection device 128 provides both a power connection and an audio connection between the vehicle 102 and the wireless phone 110. The connection device 128 includes a vehicle adapter 104, a Bluetooth module 106, a main cord 108, an audio cord 122, an audio 55 interface 120, a splitter 121, a power cord 124, and a phone power connector 118. The vehicle adapter 104 provides a connection between the connection device 128 and the vehicle 102. In one embodiment, the vehicle adapter 104 is carcigarette-lighter adapter, which is adapted to plug-in-to-the, 60 cigarette lighter-socket in an automobile or other vehicle so cas to receive DC power from the automobile. One skilled in the art would recognize that any connection with a vehicle that provides any type of power (including either AC power or DC power) is within the scope of the invention.

In the embodiment depicted in FIG. 1, the vehicle adapter 104 includes the Bluetooth module 106. The Bluetooth module-106 includes components that allow the module to

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substantially conform to the Bluetooth specification described above. The Bluetooth module 106 may include a Bluetooth chip or chipset and a Bluetooth radio. In one alternative embodiment, the Bluetooth radio may be located on or within the Bluetooth chip or chipset. The Bluetooth module 106 may use Bluetooth chip sets from manufacturers such as Ericsson or others. The Bluetooth module may also contain circuitry, including a processor, in order to facilitate the exchange of communication signals between the Bluetooth-device-126:and-the-wireless-phone-110. For example, the Bluetooth module 106 may include the capability to translate information from the Bluetooth protocol to a format compatible with the wireless phone 110.

The Bluetooth module 106 may employ the Bluetooth Headset profile. The Headset profile uses established networking protocols to enable a device to accept audio input and produce audio output, providing full duplex audio, while providing for authentication and data security. Further details regarding the Headset profile may be found in the Bluetooth protocol_noted-above-

The vehicle adapter 104 is connected to a main cord-108. The main cord 108 includes components to transmit power from the vehicle adapter 104 to the wireless phone 110 and to transmit audio signals back and forth between the Bluetooth module 106 located in the vehicle adapter and the \25 wireless phone 110. At the splitter 121, the main cord 108 splits into the power cord 124 and the audio cord 122. The power cord 124 provides a power conduit between the splitter 121 (and thus the main cord 108) and the phone power connector 118. The audio cord 122 provides an audio 30 conduit between the splitter 121 (and thus the main cord 108) and the audio interface 120. The audio cord 122 may also provide a conduit for control signals. In one alternative embodiment, the charge cord includes all of the components for connecting the wireless phone 110 with the vehicle 35 adapter 104 in one device, including the splitter 121, the power cord 124, the audio cord 122, the main cord 108, the audio interface 120, the phone power connector 118, etc.

In one alternative embodiment, the audio cord 122 and the power cord 124 provide the connection between the wireless 40 phone 110 and the vehicle adapter 104 without use of a main cord 108. In this embodiment, the audio cord 122 extends from the audio interface 120 to the vehicle adapter 104, and the power cord 124 extends from the phone power connector 118 to the vehicle adapter 104. The audio cord 122 and the 45 power cord 124 may be attached together for most of their length, such as from the vehicle adapter 104 to the splitter 121. The splitter 121 in this embodiment may simply be a plastic reinforcement that prevents the audio cord 122 and the power cord 124 from separating until necessary to 50 connect with the wireless phone 110, such as in cases where the audio interface 120 and the phone power connector 118 are combined in one connector.

The phone power connector 118 provides an interface between the wireless phone 110 and an external power 55 supply. In one preferred embodiment, the wireless phone 110 has an internal battery to provide power but can be connected to an external power supply to provide power without using the limited battery life and to provide recharging of the internal battery. In the embodiment depicted in 60 FIG. 1, the phone power connector 118 provides an interface between the power cord 124 and the wireless phone 110 and allows power from the main cord 108, and thus the vehicle 102, to be used to power the wireless phone 110. The audio interface 120 provides an interface between the wireless 65 phone 110 and an external audio source. In the embodiment depicted in FIG. 1, the external audio source is the audio

cord 122. When the audio interface 120 is used, the integral speakers and microphone of the wireless phone 110 need not be used and are instead replaced with the audio input and output though the audio interface 120. For example, the audio interface 120 of the Nokia 8260 phone connects with the ear phone and external microphone connections in the phone. Many alternative configurations are possible. The Nokia 51xx, 61xx, and 71xx series phones, for example, provide control and common audio connections for both headset and speakerphone operation through a surface connector on the bottom of the phone, with adjacent power connectors and an antenna connector located near the top of the phone. Other phones 110 provide digital audio connections on the phone base connector. One skilled in the art would recognize that the power connector 118 may be used with any type of wireless device 110.

The embodiment depicted in FIG. 1 allows a user to use the connection device 128 to provide both electrical power for the wireless phone 110 and Bluetooth-capability for wireless communication with the Bluetooth device 126, such as a hands-free car kit. This is an improvement over prior art systems as the functions of a power cord are combined with Bluetooth capability to produce a single, relatively inexpensive device to allow wireless phones 110 without Bluetooth capability to communicate with Bluetooth-enabled hands-free car kits or other Bluetooth devices 126. Therefore, the Bluetooth device 126 and the wireless phone 110 (through the Bluetooth module 106) may exchange digitized information, typically spoken words, to allow for a full-duplex conversation with a remote user via the user's hands-free car kit and their now Bluetoothenabled wireless phone 110.

In one embodiment, control information may also be transmitted between the wireless phone 110 and the Bluetooth device 126. For example, the Bluetooth device 126 could send control signals to a wireless phone 110 configured to accept such, and the control signals could be sent from a wireless phone 110 to the Bluetooth device 126 (e.g., controlling the volume of the hands-free car kit). Any functionality could be provided that the wireless phone 110 is configured to accept. For example, the functionality could include commands to dial the wireless phone 110, recall number from memory, turn the phone on or off, etc. If the connection device 128 were used with a wireless phone 110 with data capability or a PDA, for example, the connection device 128 and Bluetooth module 106 would translate to using the Serial Port profile under the Bluetooth protocol noted above.

In an alternative embodiment, other information could be transmitted between the wireless phone 110 and the Bluetooth device 126 to provide additional capabilities, such as dial-up networking, facsimile capability, LAN access, generic object exchange (OBEX), synchronization (e.g., of directories and calendars in the phone, etc.), etc. The phone control may be accomplished using the Bluetooth Handsfree profile over the Bluetooth link.

In an alternative embodiment, the connection device 128 is used to facilitate wireless communications between the wireless phone 110 and an independent Bluetooth device 127 that is not part of the vehicle 102. The independent Bluetooth device 127 may be any type of Bluetooth-enabled device, such as a location finding device, PDA, laptop or palmtop computer, headset, electronic device, wireless phone, electronic commerce station, authentication device, identification device, etc.

In another alternative embodiment, the connector 118 is detachable from the connection device 128. In this

embodiment, the connector 118 could be easily customized for particular brands of wireless phones 110, for example, and be used with a standard connection device 128. This would allow the connector 118 to be sold by retailers or phone manufacturers separately from the connection device 128. Similarly, the vehicle adapter 104 could also be detachable from the connection device 128, allowing for customized versions of the vehicle adapter 104 to be sold.

In another alternative embodiment, the connection device 128 could contain two or more wireless transceivers. For 10 example, the connection device 128 could contain a Bluetooth module 106, an IEEE 802.11 module, a Home RF module, etc., so that the connection device 128 could facilitate communications using more than one communications protocol.

Unless described otherwise below, the construction and operation of the various blocks shown in FIG. 1 and the other Figures are of conventional design. As a result, such blocks need not be described in further detail beyond that provided herein, because they will be understood by those 20 skilled in the relevant art. Such further detail is omitted for brevity and so as not to obscure the detailed description of the invention. Any modifications necessary to the blocks in FIG. 1 (or other Figures and embodiments) can be readily made by one skilled in the relevant art based on the detailed 25 description provided herein.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of a vehicle adapter of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device in first alternative embodiment. The embodiment of the vehicle adapter 104 depicted in FIG. 2 is a vehicle adapter configured for use 30 with an automobile cigarette lighter, which is also known as a cigarette lighter adapter ("CLA"). The vehicle adapter 104 is connected to a grounded part of the vehicle 102. The vehicle adapter 104 is also connected to a vehicle power supply 202, such as a cigarette lighter that provides DC 35 a vehicle 102 with a third alternate embodiment of a power at approximately 12 Volts. One skilled in the art would recognize that any type of vehicle power source, including AC or DC power and other voltages, would be within the scope of the invention. The vehicle adapter 104 also optionally contains a phone power adapter 204. The 40 phone power adapter 204 may converts the power from the vehicle power supply 202 to a voltage and form suitable for use by a wireless phone 110. In one embodiment, the phone power adapter 204 is used in conjunction with a phone power connector 118. In another preferred embodiment, the 45 phone power adapter 204 is used with a wireless phone 110 that does not have a phone power connector 118. In the embodiment depicted in FIG. 2, the vehicle adapter 104 includes a Bluetooth module 106, as described above.

The vehicle adapter 104 may include an audio input line 50 210, an audio output line 212, a positive output line 206, and a negative output line 208. The audio input line 210 receives audio and control input, if it exists, from the wireless phone 110. The audio output line 212, on the other hand, transmits audio and control output to a wireless phone 110. The 55 positive input line 206 and the negative output line 208 provide a positive and negative charge, respectively, to the wireless phone 110 so as to provide electrical power. In one embodiment, a main cord 108 includes the audio input line 210, audio output line 212, positive output line 206, and 60 negative output line 208. In one alternative embodiment, the vehicle adapter 104 does not include the audio input line 210 and the audio output line 212. In another alternative embodiment, an audio cord 122 includes the audio input line 210 and audio output line 212 and a power cord includes the 65 positive output line 206 and negative output line 208. Commands may be sent over the audio lines 210, 212 or may

be sent over a separate command line (not shown). A user with a user interface may initiate the commands. In one embodiment, a translator would be necessary between the Bluetooth module 106 and the audio lines 210, 212. Note that the present invention is not limited to electrical communications and other forms of communications, such as optical communications, are also envisioned.

FIG. 3 is a schematic view of a wireless device 110 and vehicle 102 with a second alternate embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device 128. The alternative embodiment of FIG. 3 may be substantially similar to the embodiment described in relation to FIG. 1 except as described below. Indeed, alternatives and alternative embodiments described herein are substantially similar to previously described embodiments, and common elements and functions are identified by the same reference numbers. Only significant differences in construction or operation are described in detail. The connection device 128 operably connects the vehicle 102 (with Bluetooth device 126) and the wireless phone 110. The wireless phone has a phone power and audio connector 302, which provides the combined functionality of the phone power connector 118 and the audio interface 120. In this embodiment, the need for a splitter 121, audio cord 122, and power cord 124 is eliminated, and a main cord 108 can instead be used to provide the complete connection (e.g., the entire charge cord) between the vehicle adapter 104 and the phone power and audio connector 302. The phone power and audio connector 302 may be attached directly to a wireless phone 110, integral to the connection device 128, integral to the wireless phone 110, or attached in another fashion (e.g., a dongle, a separate attachment, etc.) and may be used with any wireless device.

FIG. 4 is a schematic view of a wireless device 110 and Bluetooth-enabled connection device 128. This alternative embodiment is substantially similar to the embodiment disclosed in FIG. 1 except that the antenna 112 is located at the end of an antenna line 404. The antenna line 404 is a RF antenna that effectively extends the length of the antenna 112, providing better reception and communication. In the depicted embodiment, the antenna line 404 extends within a coiled main cord 108. By locating the antenna line 404 within the coiled main cord 108, tangling or damage to the antenna line 404 is minimized. The antenna line 404 is connected to the wireless phone via an antenna interface 402

FIG. 5 is a schematic view of a wireless device 110 and a vehicle 102 with a fourth alternate embodiment of a Bluetooth-enabled connection device 128. The alternative embodiment of FIG. 5 may be substantially similar to the embodiment described in relation to FIG. 1 except as described below. A power cord 502 connects the vehicle 102 with the wireless phone. The power cord 502 is connected to the vehicle 102 via a vehicle adapter 104. In the depicted embodiment, the vehicle adapter 104 does not contain a Bluetooth module 106. The wireless phone 110 has a phone power and audio connector 302 to provide an interface for audio, control, and electrical power. A Bluetooth module 106 is included with or near the phone power and audio connector 302 to provide Bluetooth capability for the wireless phone 110. Because the Bluetooth module 106 is located adjacent the wireless phone 110, only a power cord 502 is necessary, as there is no need for transmitting audio and control information from the vehicle adapter 104.

FIG. 6 is a schematic view of a wireless device 110 and a vehicle 102 with a fifth alternate embodiment of a

Bluetooth-enabled connection device 128. The alternative embodiment of FIG. 6 may be substantially similar to the embodiment described in relation to FIG. 5 except as described below. In this alternative embodiment, the Bluetooth module 106 is located on the connection device 128 somewhere in between the vehicle adapter 104 and the phone power and audio connector 302. The vehicle adapter 104 and the Bluetooth module 106 are connected via a power cord 502, which is designed to carry electrical power from the vehicle adapter 104 to the Bluetooth module 106. The Bluetooth module 106 and the phone power and audio connector 302 are connected via a power and audio cord 108, which is designed to transmit audio and control signals both directions and to carry electrical power towards the phone power and audio connector 302. The Bluetooth modconnection device 128, with only the configuration and lengths of the power cord 502 and the power and audio card 108 needing to be modified accordingly. In an alternative embodiment, the Bluetooth module 106 is located inside one of the cords or inside of the connection device 128.

Those skilled in the relevant art will appreciate that the invention can be practiced with various telecommunications or computer system configurations, including Internet appliances, hand-held devices, wearable computers, palmtop computers, cellular or mobile phones, multi-processor 25 systems, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, set-top boxes, network PCs, mini-computers, mainframe computers, and the like. Aspects of the invention can be embodied in a special purpose computer or data processor that is specifically programmed, configured, or 30 constructed to perform one or more of the computerexecutable instructions explained in detail herein. Indeed, the term "computer," as used generally herein, refers to any of the above devices, as well as to any data processor. Data structures and transmission of data particular to aspects of the invention are also encompassed within the scope of the invention. In general, while hardware platforms such as stationary and mobile devices are described herein, aspects of the invention are equally applicable to nodes on the network having corresponding resource locators to identify

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, throughout the description and the claims, the words "comprise," "comprising," and the like are to be construed in an inclusive sense as opposed to an exclusive or exhaustive sense; that is to say, in a sense of "including, but not limited to." Words using the singular or plural number also include the plural or singular number respectively. Additionally, the words "herein," "hereunder," "above," "below," and words of similar import, when used in this application, shall refer to this application as a whole and not to any particular portions of this application. Use of the term "or," as used in this application with respect to a list of two or more items, shall be interpreted to cover any, all, or any combination of items in the list.

The above detailed descriptions of embodiments of the 55 invention are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed above. While specific embodiments of, and examples for, the invention are described above for illustrative purposes, various equivalent modifications are possible within the scope of the invention, 60 as those skilled in the relevant art will recognize. The teachings of the invention provided herein may be applied to other systems, not necessarily the system described herein. The various embodiments described herein can be combined to provide further embodiments. These and other changes 65 can be made to the invention in light of the detailed description.

Incorporated by reference herein are all above references, patents, or applications and the following U.S. patent applications, which are assigned to the assignee of this application: patent application Ser. No. 10/036,151, entitled, 5 "System and Method for Providing a Adapter Module," filed Dec. 31, 2001 attorney docket no. 10194-8003) and patent application Ser. No. 10/036,109, entitled, "System and Method for Providing a Adapter Module," filed Dec. 31, 2001 (attorney docket no. 10194-8004). Aspects of the invention can be modified, if necessary, to employ the systems, function and concepts of the various patents and applications described above to provide yet further embodiments of the invention.

phone power and audio connector 302. The Bluetooth module 106 may be placed anywhere along the length of the connection device 128, with only the configuration and lengths of the power cord 502 and the power and audio card 108 needing to be modified accordingly. In an alternative embodiment, the Bluetooth module 106 is located inside one of the cords or inside of the connection device 128.

Those skilled in the relevant art will appreciate that the invention can be practiced with various telecommunications

While certain aspects of the invention are presented below in certain claim forms, the inventors contemplate the various aspects of the invention in any number of claim forms. For example, while only one aspect of the invention is recited as embodied in a method, other aspects may likewise be embodied in a method or process. Accordingly, the inventors reserve the right to add additional claims after filing the application to pursue such additional claim forms for other aspects of the invention.

We claim:

1. An apparatus for coupling with a vehicle having a Bluetooth-enabled hands-free car kit and for coupling with a wireless phone, comprising:

- a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
- a cigarette lighter adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the cigarette lighter adapter being adapted to couple with a DC power source in the vehicle, wherein the cigarette lighter adapter is operably secured to the charge cord;
- a phone connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the phone connector being adapted to couple with the wireless phone, wherein the phone connector is operably secured to the charge cord;
- a Bluetooth module operably coupled to the charge cord, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard to exchange communications signals with the Bluetooth-enabled hands-free car kit;
- wherein the Bluetooth module further comprises circuitry including a wireless transceiver and a processor, wherein the circuitry is retained within the Bluetooth module and is configured to wirelessly exchange communication signals with the Bluetooth-enabled handsfree car kit, and wherein further the circuitry is configured to exchange communication signals with the wireless phone;
- wherein further the Bluetooth module further comprises a protective shell for enclosing the Bluetooth logic and circuitry; and
- wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for power and audio signals throughout at least a portion of its length.
- 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent or within the cigarette lighter adapter, and

wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for power and audio signals throughout substantially its entire length.

- 3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent or within the phone connector, and 5 wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for power throughout substantially its entire length.
- 4. An apparatus for coupling with a vehicle having a wireless protocol-enabled device and a power supply and for coupling with a wireless device, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a vehicle adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the vehicle adapter being adapted to selectively couple with the power supply in the vehicle, wherein the vehicle adapter is operably secured to the charge 15 cord;
 - a connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device, wherein the connector is operably secured to the charge cord; and
 - a wireless protocol module operably connected to the charge cord, the wireless protocol module comprising logic substantially compatible with at least one wireless protocol standard to receive data from the wireless device, and exchange communications signals with the 25 wireless protocol-enabled device.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol is Bluetooth, wherein further the wireless protocol module is a Bluetooth module, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard to exchange communications signals with the Bluetooth device.
- 6. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol is Bluetooth, wherein further the wireless protocol module is a Bluetooth module, the Bluetooth module comprising circuitry including a processor, wherein the circuitry is retained within the Bluetooth module and is configured to exchange communication signals between the Bluetooth device and the wireless device.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol is Bluetooth, and wherein further the wireless protocol module is a Bluetooth module.
- 8. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol is IEEE 802.11, and wherein further the wireless protocol module is a IEEE 802.11 module.
- 9. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol is IEEE 802.11b, and wherein further the wireless protocol module is a IEEE 802.11b module.
- 10. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module further comprises a protective shell.
- 11. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the vehicle adapter 50 is a cigarette lighter adapter.
- 12. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone.
- 13. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless web access device.
- 14. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol-enabled device is a hands-free car kit.
- 15. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol-enabled device is a navigation system.
- 16. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol-enabled device is an identification system.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol-enabled device is an automotive audio system.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located adjacent or within the vehicle adapter, and wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a 65 conduit for power and audio signals throughout substantially its entire length.

- 19. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located adjacent or within the vehicle adapter, wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for power and audio signals throughout substantially its entire length, and wherein further the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for control signals throughout substantially its entire length.
- 20. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located adjacent or within the vehicle adapter.
- 21. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located adjacent or within the connector.
- 22. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located in between the vehicle adapter and the connector, and wherein further wireless protocol module is located within the charge cord.
- 23. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless protocol module is located in between the vehicle adapter and the connector.
- 24. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone, and wherein further the connector is a phone power connector.
- 25. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone, and wherein further the connector is a phone power and audio connector.
- 26. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the connector is detachable from the charge cord, wherein further the connector is adapted to be connected to a particular set of wireless devices.
- 27. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone, and wherein further the wireless phone is a Nokia phone.
- 28. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone, and wherein further the wireless phone is a Motorola phone.
- 29. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a wireless phone, and wherein further the wireless phone is an Ericsson phone.
 - 30. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a PDA, and wherein the PDA is a Palm PDA.
 - 31. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the wireless device is a PDA, and wherein the PDA is a Handspring PDA.
 - 32. An apparatus for coupling with a vehicle having a wireless protocol-enabled device and a power supply and for coupling with a wireless device, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a vehicle adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the vehicle adapter being adapted to selectively couple with the power supply in the vehicle, wherein the vehicle adapter is operably secured to the charge cord;
 - wherein the second end is adapted to couple with a connector, the connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device; and
 - a wireless protocol module operably connected to the charge cord, the wireless protocol module comprising logic substantially compatible with at least one wireless protocol standard to receive data from the wireless device and to exchange communications signals with the wireless protocol-enabled device.
 - 33. The apparatus of claim 32 wherein the wireless protocol is Bluetooth.
 - 34. An apparatus for coupling with a vehicle and a wireless phone, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a cigarette lighter adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the cigarette lighter adapter being adapted to couple with a power source in the vehicle, wherein the cigarette lighter adapter is operably secured to the charge cord;

- a phone connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the phone connector being adapted to couple with the wireless phone, wherein the phone connector is operably secured to the charge cord;
- a Bluetooth module operably connected to the charge ocord, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard to exchange communications signals with an independent Bluetooth device; and
- wherein the Bluetooth module further comprises circuitry including a processor, wherein the circuitry is retained within the Bluetooth module and is configured to exchange communication signals between the independent Bluetooth device and the wireless phone.
- 35. An apparatus for coupling with a vehicle having a ¹⁵ wireless protocol-enabled device and a power supply and for coupling with a wireless device, comprising:
 - a cord means for providing a conduit between the vehicle power supply and the wireless device for power;
 - an coupling means for coupling the cord means with the vehicle power supply;
 - a connecting means for connecting the cord means with the wireless device;
 - a transmitting means for transmitting audio information to the wireless protocol-enabled device;
 - a receiving means for receiving audio information from the wireless protocol-enabled device; and
 - a communications means for transmitting and receiving audio information to and from the wireless device.
- 36. The apparatus of claim 35 wherein the wireless protocol is Bluetooth, and wherein further the wireless device is a wireless phone.
- 37. An system for coupling with a vehicle having a Bluetooth-enabled hands-free car kit and a power supply and for coupling with a wireless device, comprising:
 - a hands-free car kit, wherein the hands-free car kit is Bluetooth-enabled, and wherein further the hands-free car kit is adapted to be coupled with a vehicle;
 - a connection device comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a vehicle adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the vehicle adapter being adapted to selectively couple with the power supply in the vehicle, wherein the vehicle adapter is operably secured to the charge cord;
 - a connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device, wherein the connector is operably secured to the charge cord; and
 - a Bluetooth module operably connected to the charge cord, the Bluetooth protocol module comprising logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard to receive data from the wireless device, and exchange communications signals with the Bluetooth-enabled device.
- 38. An apparatus for use with a Bluetooth-enabled headset, a wireless device and a vehicle, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a cigarette lighter adapter located at the first end of the 60 charge cord, the cigarette lighter adapter being adapted to couple with a power source in the vehicle;
 - a wireless device connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the wireless device connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device; and
 - a Bluetooth module operably coupled to the charge cord, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic sub-

- stantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard and being operably adapted to exchange signals with the Bluetooth-enabled headset.
- 39. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the wireless device is a mobile telephone.
- 40. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically attached to the charge cord.
- 41. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord.
- 42. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord between the first end and the second end.
- 43. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent to the wireless device connector.
- 44. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the wireless device connector.
- 45. The apparatus of claim 38 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the cigarette lighter adapter.
- 46. An apparatus for use with a Bluetooth-enabled headset, a wireless device and a vehicle, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a cigarette lighter adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the cigarette lighter adapter being adapted to couple with a power source in the vehicle;
- a wireless device connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the wireless device connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device;
- a Bluetooth module operably coupled to the charge cord, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard and being operably adapted to exchange communications signals with the Bluetooth-enabled headset;
- wherein the Bluetooth module further comprises circuitry including a wireless transceiver and a processor, wherein the circuitry is configured to wirelessly exchange communication signals with the Bluetooth-enabled headset, and herein the circuitry is configured to exchange communication signals with the wireless device; and
- wherein the charge cord is adapted to provide a conduit for power and signals throughout at least a portion of its length.
- 47. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the wireless device is a mobile telephone.
- 48. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically attached to the charge cord.
- 49. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord.
- 50. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord between the first end and the second end.
- 51. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent to the wireless device connector.
- tooth standard to receive data from the wireless

 52. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth device, and exchange communications signals with 55 module is located within the wireless device connector.
 - 53. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the cigarette light adapter.
 - 54. An apparatus for coupling with a Bluetooth-enabled headset and a wireless telephone, comprising:
 - a charge cord having a first end and a second end;
 - a power adapter located at the first end of the charge cord, the power adapter being adapted convey power to the second end of the charge cord;
 - a wireless device connector located at the second end of the charge cord, the wireless device connector being adapted to couple with the wireless device and to convey power to the wireless device; and

- a Bluetooth module operably secured to the charge cord, the Bluetooth protocol module comprising logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard to exchange signals with a Bluetooth-enabled device and to exchange signals with the wireless device 5 module is physically attached to the charge cord. through the wireless device connector.
- 55. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetoothenabled device is a Bluetooth-enabled headset.
- 56. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetoothenabled device is a Bluetooth-enabled headset operable 10 adapted for use with a user's head.
- 57. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetoothenabled device is a Bluetooth-enabled headset operable adapted for use with a user's head in order to carry a telephonic conversation.
- 58. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the wireless device 15 is a mobile telephone.
- 59. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically attached to the charge cord.
- 60. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord.
- 61. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord between the first end and the second end.
- 62. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent to the wireless device connector. 25
- 63. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the wireless device connector.
- 64. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the power adapter.
- 65. An method for communicatively coupling a mobile 30 telephone with a Bluetooth-enabled headset in vehicle having a power source, comprising:
 - connecting a charge cord to the mobile telephone, the charge cord having a wireless device connector at a first end and cigarette lighter adapter at second end, the 35 wireless device connector being operably adapted to electrically coupling with the mobile telephone;
 - connecting the cigarette lighter adapter at second end of the charge cord to the power source in the vehicle, the cigarette lighter adapter being operably adapted to electrically coupling with the power source in the vehicle;
 - transmitting signals in a mobile telephone format between the mobile telephone and a Bluetooth module operably coupled to the charge cord, the Bluetooth module being operably adapted to exchange the signals in the mobile telephone format with the mobile telephone;
 - transmitting signals substantially in accordance with at least one Bluetooth standard between the Bluetooth module and the Bluetooth-enabled headset, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard and

being operably adapted to exchange signals in the at least one Bluetooth standard with the Bluetoothenabled beadset.

- 66. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth
- 67. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord.
- 68. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord between the first end and the second end.
- 69. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent to the wireless device connector.
- 70. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the wireless device connector.
- 71. The method of claim 65 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the cigarette lighter adapter.
- 72. An method for communicatively coupling a wireless device with a Bluetooth-enabled headset proximate to a vehicle having a power source, comprising:
- connecting a charge cord to the wireless device, the charge cord having a wireless device connector at a first end and power source adapter at second end, the first end being operably adapted to electrically coupling with the wireless device;
- connecting the power source adapter at the second end of the charge cord to the power source in a vehicle, the power source adapter being operably adapted to electrically coupling with the power source in the vehicle;
- transmitting signals between the wireless device and a Bluetooth module operably coupled to the charge cord, the Bluetooth module being operably adapted to exchange signals with the wireless device;
- transmitting signals between the Bluetooth module and the Bluetooth-enabled headset, the Bluetooth module comprising Bluetooth logic substantially compatible with at least one Bluetooth standard and being operably adapted to exchange signals with the Bluetoothenabled headset.
- 73. The method of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth 40 module is physically attached to the charge cord.
 - 74. The method of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord.
 - 75. The method of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth module is physically integrated with the charge cord between the first end and the second end.
 - 76. The meth of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth module is located adjacent to the wireless device connector.
 - 77. The method of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the wireless device connector.
 - 78. The meth of claim 72 wherein the Bluetooth module is located within the cigarette lighter adapter.

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